China-Australia capacity building program on the geological storage of carbon dioxide (CAGS)

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 China-Australia Geological Storage of CO₂ Project Phase I
China-Australia Geological Storage of CO₂ Project Phase II

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1. China-Australia Geological Storage of CO₂ Project Phase I

- Drivers
- Objectives
- Activities
- Outcomes



CAGS: Drivers

- To share the knowledge and experiences about geological storage
- To share reliance on fossil fuels and both need to reduce CO₂ emissions
- To assist in the development of a skilled Chinese workforce
- Lack of the international collaborations on geological storage



About CAGS I

- CAGS is a bilateral project between China-MoST and Australia-RET
- 2010-2012, two years
- Jointly managed by:
 - Geoscience Australia, Department of Resources, Energy and Tourism

The Administrative Centre for China's Agenda 21, Ministry of Science and



Australian Government Geoscience Australia



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CAGS I Project Objectives

The focus for CAGS is capacity building on **geological storage** of CO₂ in China

- Talents (CCS schools +Visiting scholars program)
- Knowledge sharing (Workshops, study tour)
- Research of some key issues (3 Projects)
- Public awareness (Networking, dissemination)

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CAGS I Activities



CAGS I Activities: Technical Workshops

- Workshop 1: Site selection and capacity assessment for geological storage. Canberra, 19-21 Jan, 2010
- Workshop 2: Risk assessment, safety and environmental and monitoring of CO_2 storage. Wuhan, 27-29 Oct, 2010
- Workshop 3: CO₂ storage and EOR. Changchun, 11-15 July, 2011







CAGS I Activities: CCS Schools

- 3 CCS technical schools
- Wuhan, 2010; Sanya, 2011; and Beijing, 2012
- 130 Postgraduates



CAGS I Activities: Visiting Scholar Program

| Home institution (China) | Host institution (Australia) | Project | Duration |
|---|--|--|------------|
| Administrative Centre for China's Agenda 21 | Geoscience Australia | Policy and regulation for CO_2 storage | 1 month |
| China Geological Survey | Cooperative Research Centre for Greenhouse Gas Technologies (CO2CRC) / University of Adelaide | Hydrogeological characterisation of the subsurface at the Otway Basin project site | 3 months |
| Institute of Rock and Soil Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Sciences | University of Queensland | Experimental and numerical investigations on CO_2 storage and ECBM | 1 month |
| Institute of Geology and Geophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences | CO2CRC / University of Adelaide | Rock fracture mechanics and cap rock stability | 4 months |
| Chinese Academy of Environmental Planning | Geoscience Australia | Environmental monitoring systems and CO ₂ storage | 3 months |
| Tsinghua University | Geoscience Australia | Integrated numerical simulation and performance of CO_2 plumes in saline aquifers | 6 months |
| China University of Petroleum | Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) | Effects of CO ₂ injection, supercritical CO ₂ and water on reservoir rock characteristics | 3 months |
| Institute of Rock and Soil Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Sciences | CO2CRC / University of Adelaide | Effectts of CO ₂ -water-rock interactions on mechanical properties of rocks | 2.5 months |
| china University of Mining and Technology | Geoscience Australia / CSIRO | Investigation of methods for tracing CO ₂ in the subsurface | 12 months |

CAGS I Activities: Research Projects

Project 1: Site selection methodology and criteria of CO₂ geological storage

 China Geological Survey; Institute of Geology and Geophysics, Chinese Academy of Sciences; Institute of Rock and Soil Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Sciences; Tsinghua University

Project 2: Selection criteria of oil/gas reservoirs for CO₂ EOR and storage

• China University of Petroleum (Beijing), Institute of Geology and Geophysics; Chinese Academy of Sciences; CNPC Research Institute of Safety & Environment Technology

Project 3: Study of the environmental impact and risk management of CO₂ storage

 Chinese Academy of Environmental Planning; Chinese Academy of Sciences (IRSM), Tsinghua University; China Geological Survey





CAGS I Outcomes: Research Projects

• To establish site selection index system of deep saline aquifer CO₂ geological storage is established in China from four aspects of site selection technology, security, economic suitability and conditions of ground geological.



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• To analyze the potential of CO_2 storage in the reservoir, Liaohe Oilfield.

• An investigation into the possible environmental impacts and risks associated with CO_2 storage, completed through literature review and numerical simulation.

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CAGS I Outcomes : Public Awareness Raising

cags newsletter

- CCUS Brochures
- CCUS Dictionary
- Website

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• Newsletter



cags newsletter

from the CAGS to



www.cagsinfo.net



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cags newslet

CCUS Brochure for the public

- Is CO₂ harmful?
- What is the Greenhouse Effect and Global Warming?
- What are the adverse/negtive effects of Global Warming?
- What are the key measures to reduce carbon dioxide emissions?
- What is CO₂ Capture, Utilization and Storage (CCUS)?
- What are the strengths/advantage of CCUS?
- Where can CO₂ be captured?
- How to capture CO₂?
- How is the captured carbon dioxide transported?
- Where the CO₂ can be stored?
- What's the form of sequestrated CO₂ underground?
- What are the ways for CO₂ utilization?
- Is CCUS safe and reliable?
- What are the major CCUS challenges?
- How the public do contribution to mitigation of climate change?

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CAGS I Outcomes:Knowledge Sharing

Workshops

200 participants attended at least 1 workshop

• CCS summer schools

130 students from China and Australia

- Networking and linking: Gov, institute, enterprise, NGOs
 - 51 Chinese organisations and 21 Australian / Int'l organisations
- Visiting scholar program
 - 5 Chinese researchers4 Chinese doctoral students
- CCS conference support

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CAGS I Outcomes: Policy Supporting

- Storage capacity assessment methods and tools (EOR and aquifers)
- Storage site selection and assessment criteria
- Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) guideline
- Risk assessment and management guidelines



Significant of CAGS I

- Further internation cooperation on CCUS, speed up tech transfer and knowledge sharing
- Build a skilled and experienced Chinese workforce
- Good opportunities for postgraduate students and early career researchers to involve in CCS
- Enhancing public awarenesse on CCUS
- CAGS Research results support Chinese government policy and decision makers



2. China-Australia Geological Storage of CO₂ Project Phase II

- Objectives
- Activities



CAGS Phase II: Objectives

- To strengthen the cooperative relationship between China and Australia in addressing the challenges of reducing greenhouse gas emissions
- To accelerate knowledge sharing and deployment of advanced energy technologies between our two countries



CAGS Phase II: Activities

- CAGS phase II will be conducted :
 - Duration: 2012 2014, through the Australia-China Joint Coordination Group on Clean Coal Technology
 - Funding: AU\$1.39m, by RET, Australia
- The activities including:
 - Research projects
 - Workshops and schools
 - Visiting scholar program

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CAGS Phase II: Activities

- 4 research projects have been signed by ACCA21 & GA
- **Project 1**: CO₂ geological storage: target area selection and evaluation method---- *Center for Hydrogeology and Environmental Geology*, China Geological Survey
 - To investigate the screening methods, selection criteria and ranking of target areas for CO₂ geological storage
- **Project 2:** Possibility and potential of CO₂ enhanced shale gas recovery in the Ordos basin---- China University of Geosciences(wuhan), Tsinghua University
 - To investigate the feasibility and potential enhanced shale gas recovery in the Ordos basin

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CAGS Phase II: Activities

•**Project 3:** Current status and gaps in essential technology, equipment and material for implementing CO₂ saline aquifer storage projects in China----Institute of Rock and Soil Mechanics Chinese Academy of Science, CAS

-To investigate the status and identify the gaps in technology needed for implementing CO_2 saline aquifer storage projects in China

•**Project 4:** Key parameters for environmental impact and risk assessment of CO_2 geological storage----Chinese Academy of Environmental Planning, Institute of Rock and Soil Mechanics Chinese Academy of Science, CAS

- To recommend the methodology for environmental risk assessment of CO_2 geological storage and the key elements for environmental monitoring china Australia Ceological Storage of CO_2 中澳二氧化碳地质封存

Conclusion and Perspectives

- CCUS should not only aim for CO2 reduction but also serves as important tool to solve energy and resource issues, e.g. enhanced exploration of shale gas, geothermal, saline water and liquid mineral.
- Besides technology R&D, enabling policies are essential for the take off of CCUS.
- The nature of CCUS technology calls for enhanced International collaboration.



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Thank You !

