

# The Potential of CO<sub>2</sub> geological utilization and storage in the Junggar Basin

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Center for Hydrogeology and Environmental Geology Survey, China Geological Survey June 26, 2018 · Perth





O CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the Junggar Basin

Mesoscale potential of CGUS in the Junggar Basin

Source - storage matching and early opportunities

Prefeasibility study of CO<sub>2</sub>-EWR in D7 well site

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#### **RESEARCH PROJECT INTRODUCTION**



- China - Australia Geological Storage of CO<sub>2</sub> – CAGS3

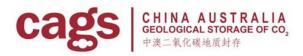
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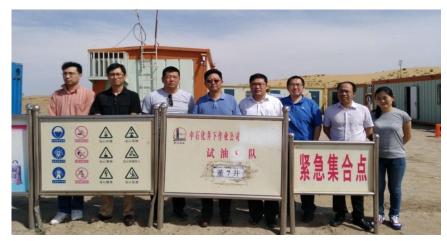


Center for Hydrogeology and Environmental Geology Survey, CGS



Institute of Rock and Soil Mechanics, Chinese Academic of Sciences





Field visit in June, 2016

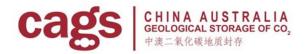


Project start-up workshop in July, 2016





CGS and AUGSs meetings during China Mining Congress in Sep., 2016 and Sep., 2017

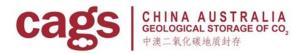




2D seismic exploration in 2016

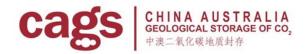


Drilling and reservoir test in 2017

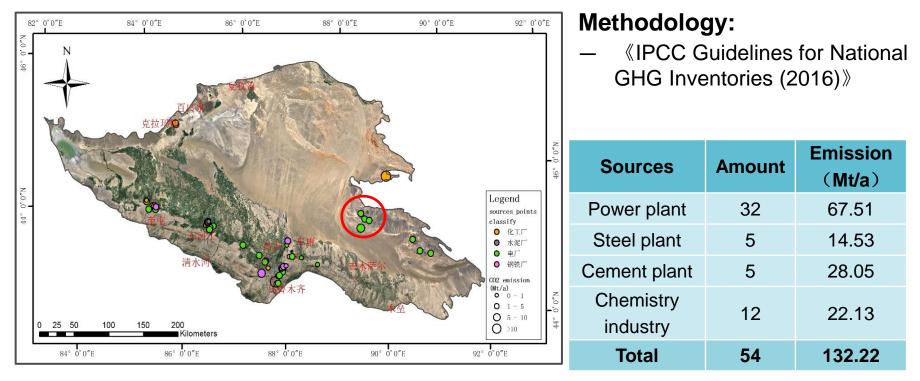


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### CO<sub>2</sub> EMISSIONS IN THE JUNGGAR BASIN



### 2. CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the Junggar Basin





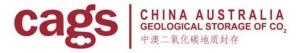
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#### **MESOSCALE POTENTIAL OF CGUS IN THE JUNGGAR BASIN**



#### CO<sub>2</sub> geological utilization and storage, CGUS

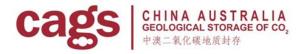
CGUS	Purpose	Technologies	
CO <sub>2</sub> Geological Utilization	Energy Production	Enhanced Oil Recovery, CO <sub>2</sub> -EOR	
		Enhanced Coal Bed Methane, CO <sub>2</sub> -ECBM	
		Enhanced Gas Recovery, CO <sub>2</sub> -EGR	
		Enhanced Shale Gas Recovery, CO <sub>2</sub> -ESGR	
	Resources production	Enhanced Geothermal Systems, CO <sub>2</sub> -EGS	
		Enhanced Uranium Leaching, CO <sub>2</sub> -EUL	
		Enhanced Water Recovery, CO <sub>2</sub> -EWR	
CO <sub>2</sub> Geological Storage	Saline Aquifers, Depleted Oil & Gas Fields, Unmineable Coal Seams		



ACCA21, 2014

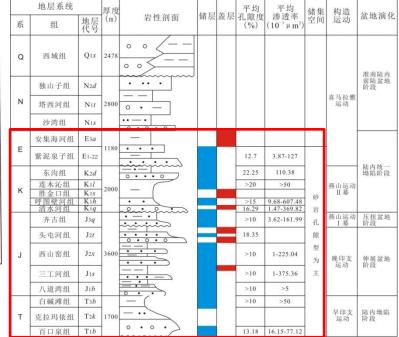
#### **Reservoir selection for potential assessment**

- Depth: 800 3500 m
- Lithology: clastic rocks, carbonate rocks
- Thickness: ≥ 10 m
- Porosity:  $\geq 5\%$
- Permeability: ≥1 mD
- Caprocks: regional, generally mudstone and thicker than 20 m
- Distance from the nearby active faults: > 25 km
- Peak ground acceleration: < 0.40 g
- Hydrogeology: not open regional hydrodynamic areas



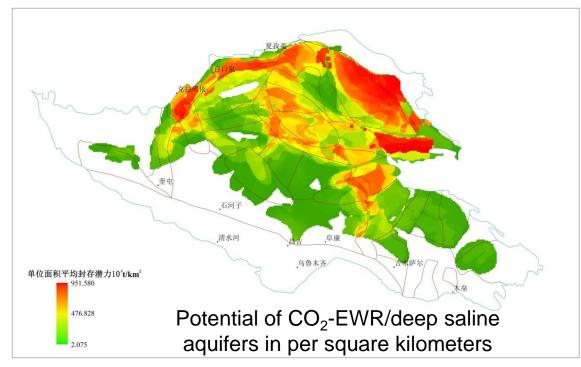


#### Geostructure



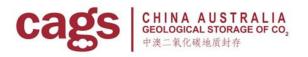
#### 23 reservoirs





**USDOE Methodology** 

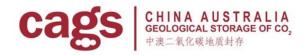
$$G_{\rm CO_2} = A \cdot h \cdot \varphi_e \cdot \rho_{\rm CO_2} \cdot E$$



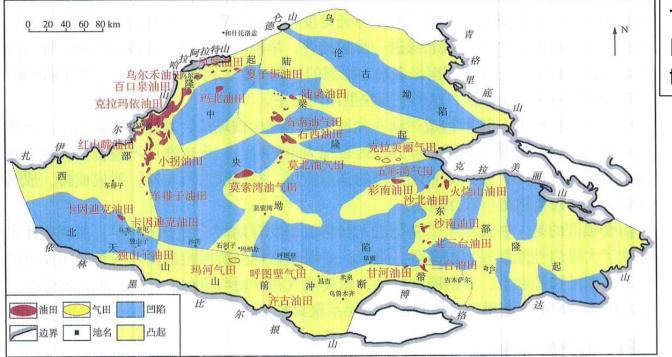
CGUS technologies	Potential (Gt)	Credibility
Enhanced oil recovery, CO <sub>2</sub> -EOR	0.15	Effective, Credible
Depleted oil field CO <sub>2</sub> storage	1.35	Effective, Credible
Enhanced gas recovery, CO <sub>2</sub> -EGR	0.01	Effective, Credible
Depleted gas field CO <sub>2</sub> storage	0.02	Effective, Credible
Enhanced coal bed methane, CO <sub>2</sub> -ECBM	2.28-5.215, 4.02 expected	Theoretical, Less Credible
Unmineable coal seams CO <sub>2</sub> storage	3.41-7.78, 6 expected	Theoretical, Less Credible
CO <sub>2</sub> -EWR/deep saline aquifers	4.8-164.09, 96.06 expected	Theoretical, Less Credible



#### **SOURCE - STORAGE MATCHING AND EARLY OPPORTUNITIES**



#### 4. Source - storage matching and early opportunities

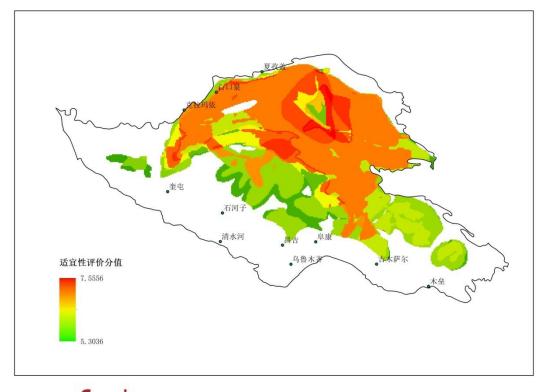


GE OF CO.

Ca

Targets for CGUS: Existing oil and gas fields

#### 4. Source - storage matching and early opportunities

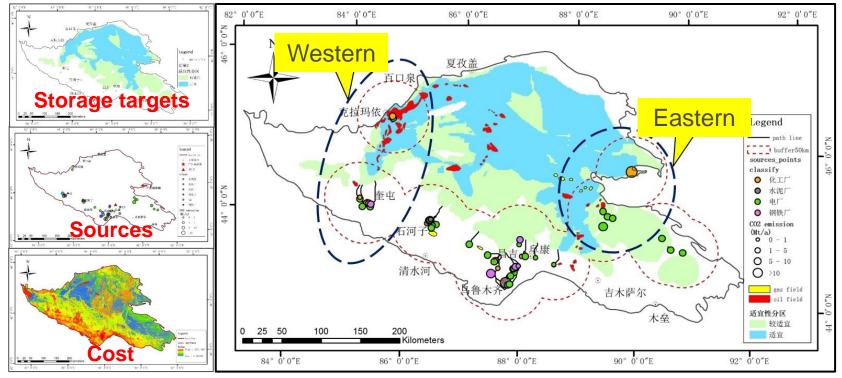


$$P = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P_i A_i (i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n)$$

High suitable: 40,581 km<sup>2</sup> Suitable: 34,876 km<sup>2</sup>

Targets for CO<sub>2</sub>-EWR / deep saline aquifers

#### 4. Source - storage matching and early opportunities





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# PREFEASIBILITY STUDY OF CO<sub>2</sub>-EWR IN D7 WELL SITE



Google earth



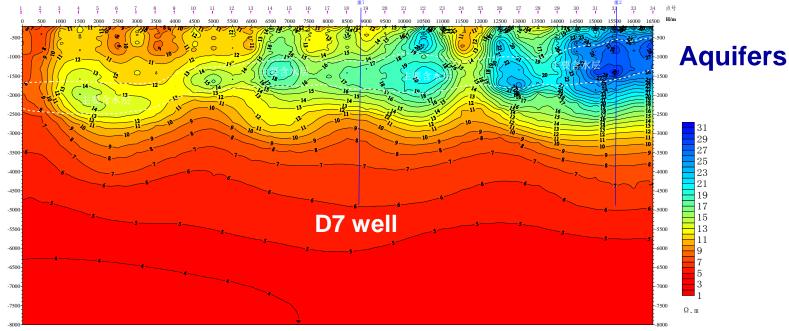
CHINA AUSTRALIA GEOLOGICAL STORAGE OF CO<sub>2</sub>

Ca

- D7 well, an abandoned well of SINOPEC
- Co-funding: Geological survey project of CGS

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# **5. Prefeasibility study of CO<sub>2</sub>-EWR in D7 well site** Magnetotelluric (MT)



GEOLOGICAL STORAGE OF CO.

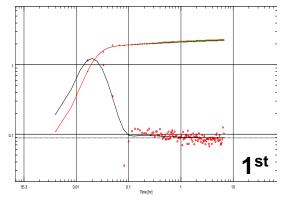
**Electrical resistivity** 

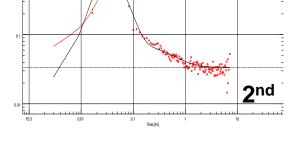
#### 2D seismic exploration

	Reservoirs ✓ 2038-2065	
	✓ 2246.5-2265	
	✓ 2392-2407	
F3		
	F2	



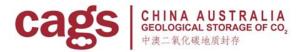
#### Reservoir downhole test





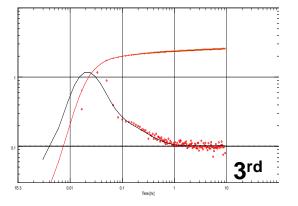
Log-Log plot: p-p@dt=0 and derivative [MPa] vs dt [hr]

Influence radius: 55.5m K: 1.68mD



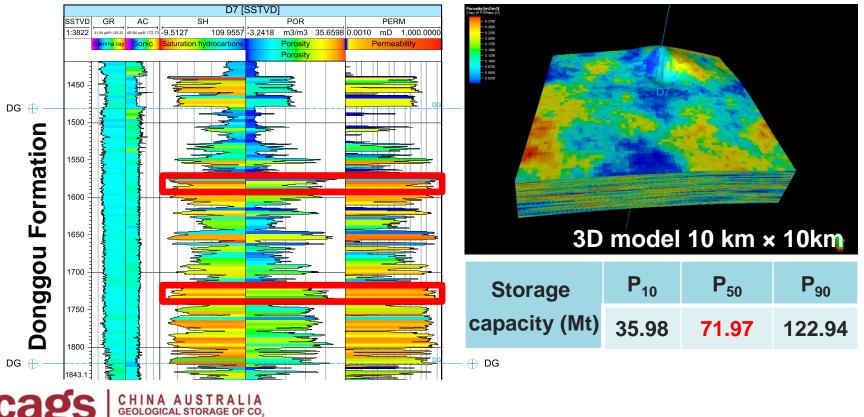
#### Influence radius: 192m K: 18.9mD

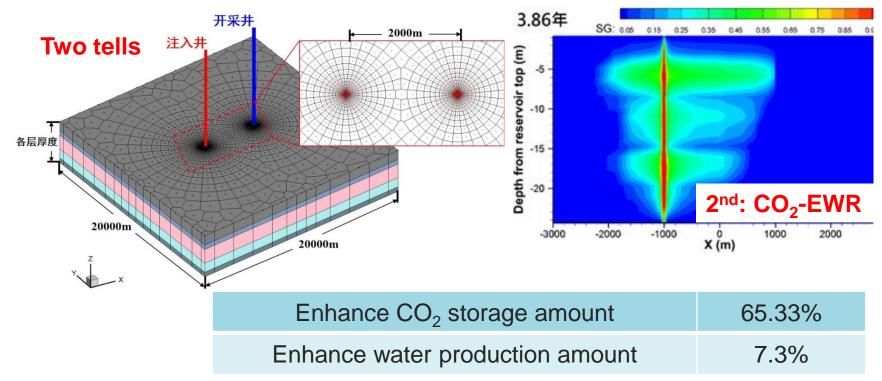
Log-Log plot: p-p@dt=0 and derivative [MPa] vs dt [hr]

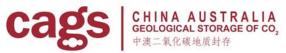


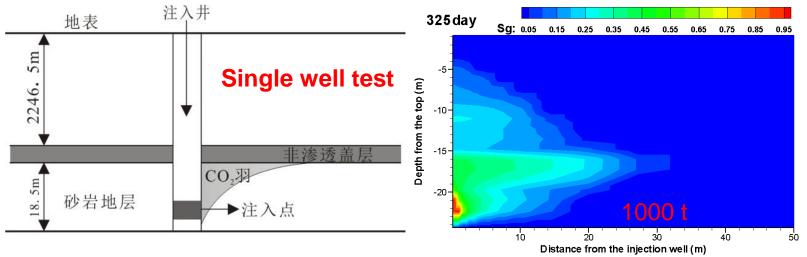
Log-Log plot: p-p@dt=0 and derivative [MPa] vs dt [hr]

#### Influence radius: 138m K: 7.47mD

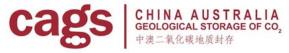


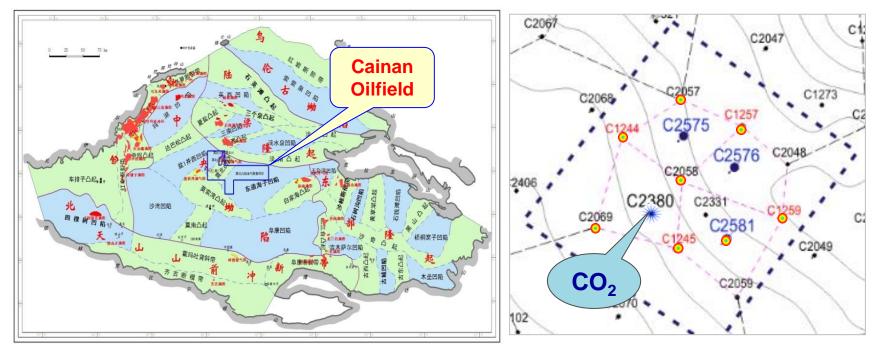






- Pull enough formation liquid and test the reservoir permeability; Inject the formation liquid back into reservoirs, test pressure response
- Inject CO<sub>2</sub> into the reservoirs, test the pressure response and reservoir injectivity
- Pull back the liquid including CO<sub>2</sub> and saline, to test the pressure response and tracers, CO<sub>2</sub> - water reaction





Multi-wells EWR



Cainan Oilfield



# Thank you

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