Current Regional Partnership Activities Summary, USA

Department of Energy National Energy Technology Laboratory Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnership Program



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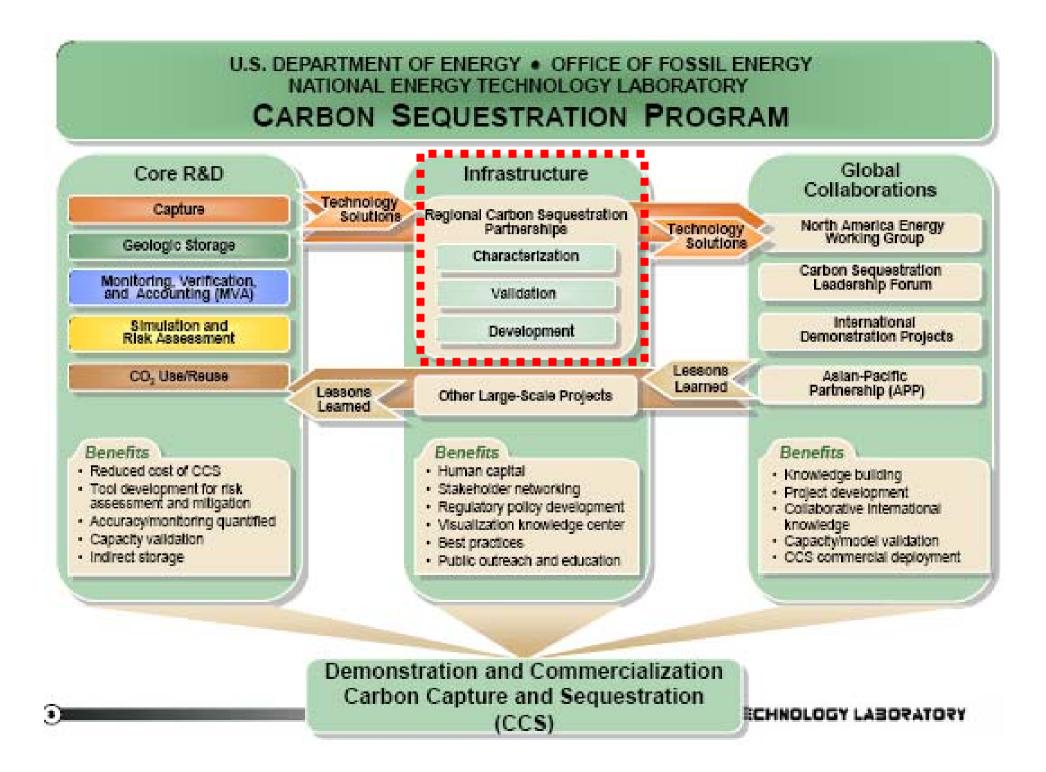
January 20, 2010 CAGS

Canberra, Australia









U.S. Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnerships

Characterization Phase

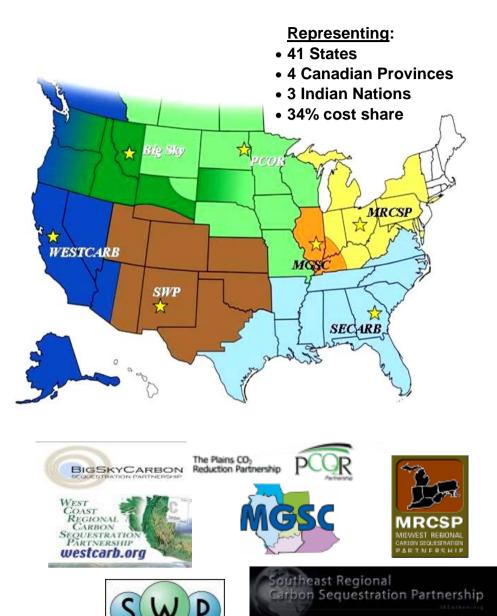
- 24 months (2003-2005)
- \$16M DOE funds
- Atlas: 3,000 Gt storage
- Outreach, regulatory review

Validation Phase (2)

- 4 years (2005 2009)
- 7 Partnerships (41 states)
- 24 Geologic field validation tests; 11 terrestrial
- \$112M DOE funds

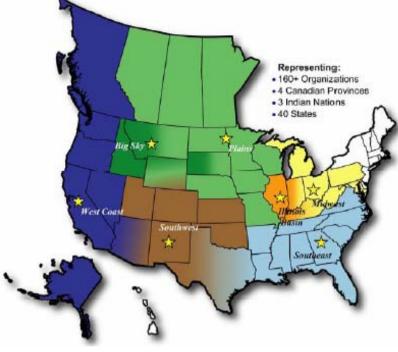
Deployment Phase (3)

- 10 years (2008-2017)
- 4 projects awarded
- 7 projects expected
- \$460M DOE (\$1B total cost)



HWEST PARTNERSHIP

Partnership Organization, Participation, and Aims



Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnership	Lead Organization
Big Sky Carbon Sequestration Partnership (BSCSP)	Montana State University
Midwest Geological Sequestration Consortium (MGSC)	Illinois State Geological Survey
Midwest Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnership (MRCSP)	Battelle Memorial Institute
Plains CO ₂ Reduction (PCOR) Partnership	University of North Dakota, Energy and Environmental Research Center
Southeast Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnership (SECARB)	Southern States Energy Board
Southwest Regional Partnership (SWP)	New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology
West Coast Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnership (WESTCARB)	California Energy Commission

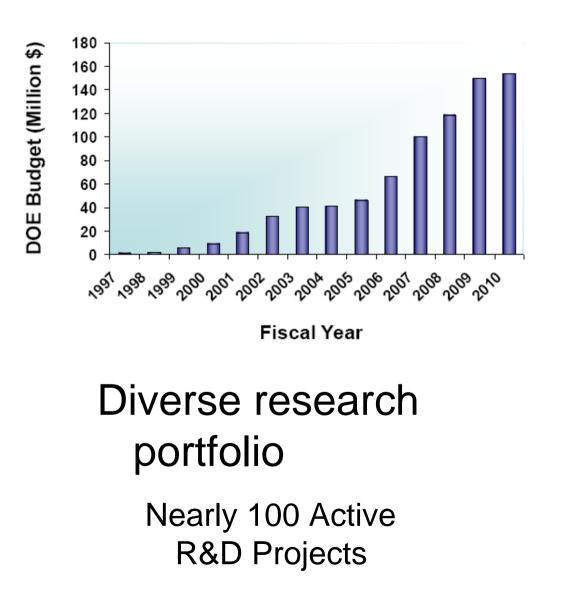
Broad Common Programmatic Aims

- Assess Injectivity and Capacity
- Assess Storage Permanence
- Determine CO2 extent and Leakage Pathways
- Develop Risk Assessment Strategies
- Develop Best Practices for Industry
- Engage in Public Outreach & Education
- Contribute to progress of Permitting

Regional Involvement:

Member States (Executive, Legislative and Regulatory) Industry and Electric Utilities Universities and National Laboratories NGOs and Trade Associations

U.S. DOE's Carbon Sequestration Program Statistics

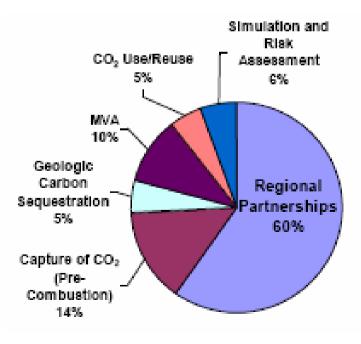


Strong industry support

~ 30% cost share on projects

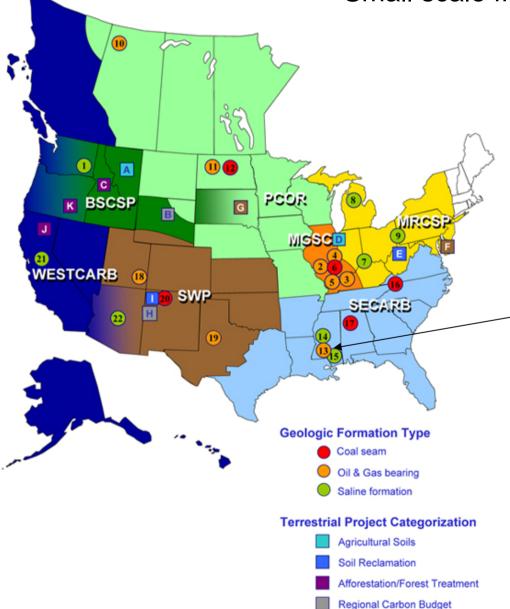
Federal Investment to Date ~ \$631 Million

2009 RCSP Budget Breakdown



PHASE 2 PROJECTS: Validation Phase (2005-2009)





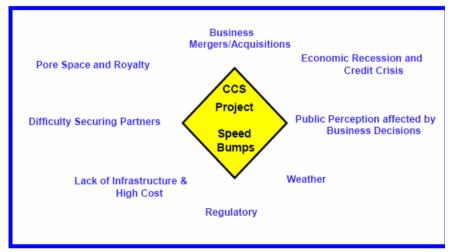
Wetlands Reclamation

22 injection projects of various scale ~1.5-2.0 Mt CO2 injected

Saline formations Depleted oil fields Coal seams Basalt formations Low permeability settings

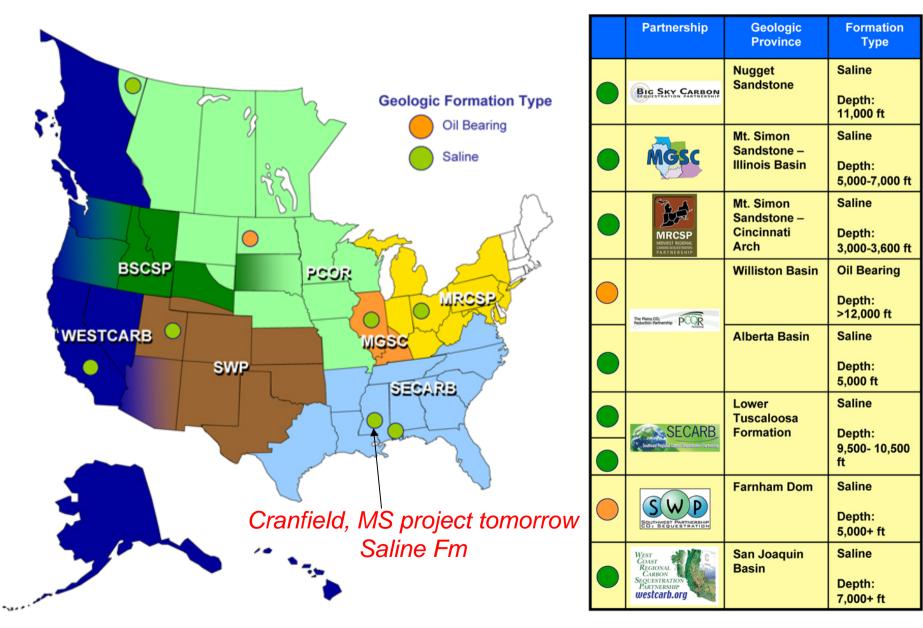
Cranfield, MS CO2-EOR project tomorrow

Lessons Learned: "Learn by doing"

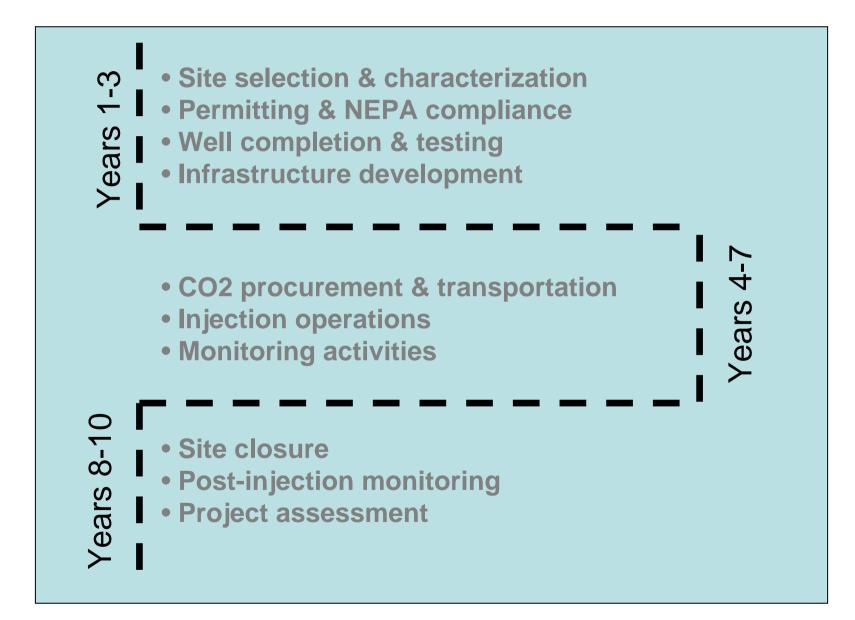


PHASE 3 PROJECTS: Development Phase (2008-2018)

Large scale (>1Mt Co2) geologic field tests



Phase 3: Development Timeline

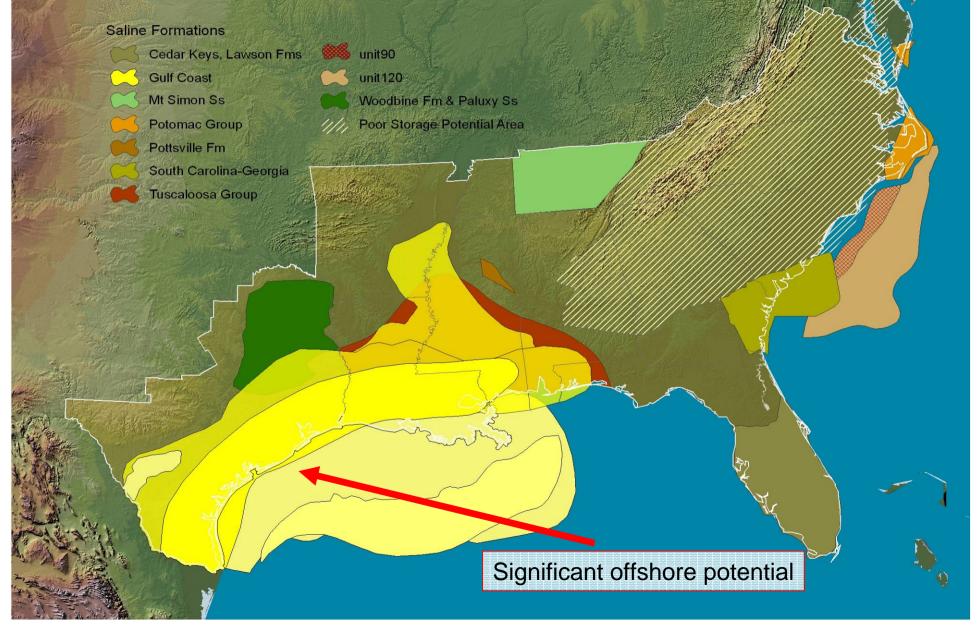


U.S. Department of Energy . Office of Fossil Energy National Energy Technology Laboratory

CARBON SEQUESTRATION OF THE **UNITED STATES** AND CANADA

SECOND EDITION

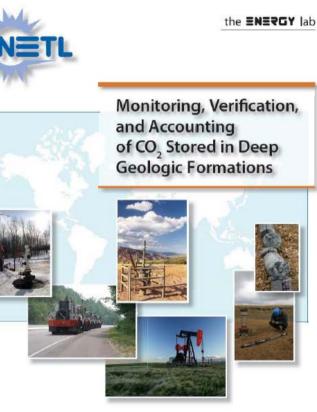
SECARB Deep Saline Formations With CO2 Storage Potential



CCS Best Practice Manuals

Critical Requirement For Significant Wide Scale Deployment Capturing Lessons Learned

Best Practice Manual	Version 1 (Phase II)
Monitoring Verification and Accounting	2009
Site Characterization	2010
Simulation and Risk Assessment	2010
Well Construction and Closure	2010
Regulatory Compliance	2010
Public Education	2009
Terrestrial Sequestration Practices	2010



NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY



Examples from MVA best practices manual

Potential Additional Primary Secondary Objectives Technologies Technologies Technologies Atmospheric CO. Detectors Eddy Covariance (Surface Flux) Monitoring (Ambient CO. Concentration) Advanced Leak Detection System Objectives: Laser systems and LIDAR* (Surface Flux) (Ambient CO, Concentration) Ambient CO. Concentration Isotopes CO, surface flux Geochemical Analysis Advanced Water Ouality Tracers (Leak Detection) Near-Surface Monitorina (Groundwater Monitorina) Analysis Noble Gases Post-injection monitoring workflow (Fluid Chemistry) Inorganics & Organics Mercaptans Objectives: Stable Isotopes Isotopes Total Organic and Inorganic Perfluorocarbons Groundwater Carbon Monitoring Post-injection Fluid Chemistry Geophysics (Leak Detection) Monitoring Soil gas monitoring Aerial Photography (Vadose zone characterization) (Vegetative Stress) Conductivity Crustal Deformation Continue monitoring for 50 years or as quired by the Director) (Crustal Deformation) Leak Detection Induced Polarization Plume Self-Potential Vegetative Stress confined in target YES Modeling formation over NO Monitoring Seismic Surveying Results long-term? Vadose Zone (Vadose zone characterization) Tiltmeters (Crustal Deformation) Plume and Continue any mandatory (Leak Detection) Characterization NO pressure front stabilized 50 years after injection? Reevaluate AoR post-injection monitorin Shallow 2-D Seismic Remote Sensing (Crustal (as required by Director) (Class VI) Seismic survey (Class VI) Deformation) or EM to locate eakage pathways YES Soil and Vadose Zone Gas Color Infrared Transparency Modify overall Monitoring (Gas sampling) Film monitoring strategy No further monitoring Hyper-spectral – multispectral Does required Flux Accumulation Chamber Synthetic Aperture Radar & NO plume reach USDWs? (Surface Flux) InSar Assess geochemical / mechanical properties in AoR following injection YES Subsurface Water Quality Analysis Seismic Surveying (Reservoir Geophysical Techniques Monitoring Injection Fluid Monitoring Integrity) (Leak Detection) Prepare mitigation Acoustic (2-D and 3-D) (Subsurface and Reservoir Formation Fluid Monitoring strategy VSP **Objectives:** Water Level Characterization) Groundwater 2-D and 3-D (Plume Tracking) Caprock Integrity (Subsurface and Monitoring Soil Gas Monitoring Reservoir Characterization) Geochemistry (Reservoir Crosswell Seismic Geomechanical Analysis Leak Detection Integrity) Microseismic (Passive) Subsurface Core Collection Brine/Fluid Composition EMIT Tracer Injection/Monitoring and Reservoir Characterization Wireline Logging (Well Integrity) Magnetotelluric Sounding Temperature Injection Well Logging Plume Tracking Resistivity and EM Noise (Wireline Logging) Well Integrity Testing Cement Bond (Plume Tracking) Electrical Resistivity Tomography (Reservoir Intearity) Density Time-lapse Gravity Survey Temperature Logging Gamma Ray Electromagnetic Resistivity Sonic (Acoustic) Reservoir Saturation Tool Optical Wireline Logging (Well integrity) Physical Testing (Well Integrity) and Subsurface Characterization) Annulus Pressure - Resistivity Injection Volume/Rate Wellhead Pressure Downhole Pressure Downhole Temperature

Table 5-1: List of RCSPs' Monitoring Tools for Phase II and Phase III Projects

Other recently-funded DOE CCS efforts ARRA funds (Stimulus)

• <u>Monitoring</u> – (\$35.8M) 19 projects to enhance the capability to simulate, track, and evaluate the potential risks of carbon dioxide (CO2) storage in geologic formations.

• <u>Characterization</u> – (\$75.5M) 11 projects to conduct site characterization of promising geologic formations for CO2 storage. (TX/GOM Offshore included)

• <u>Outreach</u> – (\$12.7M) 43 geologic sequestration training and research projects. The projects will offer training opportunities for graduate and undergraduate students that will provide the human capital and skills required for implementing and deploying carbon capture and storage technologies.







www.netl.doe.gov/publications/press/press09_toc.html

www.netl.doe.gov/technologies/carbon_seq/partnerships/partnerships.html